

Item no.: T60404-N4641-X905

Differential Current Sensor for IC-CPD acc. to the standard IEC62752-2016



Date: 11.10.2021

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K-No.: 30139

**Description** 

toroidal core

PCB mounting

Customer: Standard type

• Fluxgate current sensor with

**Characteristics** 

- Excellent accuracy
- AEC-Q qualified components
- Switching open-collector outputs
- Compact design

**Applications** 

Mainly used for stationary and mobile applications:

- IC-CPD
- Wallbox

Patents: EP2571128 / US9397494 / CN103001175 // EP2813856

Electrical data	– Ratings	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I <sub>P</sub>	Primary nominal RMS current (1phase / 3phase)			80 / 40	Α
I <sub>ΔN1</sub>	Rated residual operating current 1		6		mA DC
$I_{\Delta N2}$	Rated residual operating current 2		30		mA rms
$I_{\Delta N1, tolerance}$	Trip tolerance 1	4	5	6	mA DC
I <sub>ΔN2</sub> , tolerance	Trip tolerance 2	20		130(1)	mA rms
Spwm-out	Scaling factor of the DC component $I_{\Delta N1}$ (for monitoring purpose only!)		3.33		%/mA
$I_{\Delta RI,1/2}$ (Fig.1)	Recovery current level for I <sub>ΔN1</sub> /I <sub>ΔN2</sub> (absolute value DC/rms)		2.5 / 10		mA

(1) f = 1kHz to 2kHz

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

<b>I</b> ΔN,max	Max. measuring range (peak)	-300	+300	mA	
Χ	Resolution (@ $I_{\Delta N}$ , $\Theta_A = 25^{\circ}$ C)	< 0.2	2	mA	
t <sub>r</sub> (Fig.3)	Response time	Acco	rding to IEC62752:201	6 <sup>(3)</sup>	
f <sub>BW</sub> (Fig.4)	Frequency range	DC	2	kHz	
General data					
∂A	Ambient operation temperature	-40	85	°C	
<b>9</b> Storage	Ambient storage temperature <sup>(4)</sup>	-40	85	°C	
m	Mass	21		g	
Vcc	Supply voltage	4.8 5	5.2	V	
Icc	Consumption current	38	45	mA	
Sclear, ps	Clearance (primary to secondary)	not applicable if isolated cable is used <sup>(5)</sup>			
Screep, ps	Creepage (primary to secondary)	not applicat	used <sup>(5)</sup>		
FIT	EN/IEC 61709 / SN 29500 <sup>(6)</sup> (MIL-HDBK-217F) <sup>(6)</sup>		529 349)	fit	

 $<sup>^{(3)}</sup>$  Switching time of a standard relay (t = 20ms) is considered.

#### **General description of sensor function:**

The Sensor is sensitive to AC and DC current and can be used for fault current detection in IC-CPD applications. The Sensor detects AC and DC fault currents according to IEC62752:2016. In the event of a DC fault current, PIN 3 will change it's state from a low level (GND) to high impedance level. In event of an AC current fault, PINs 3 and 4 will change state from a low level (GND) to a high impedance level. Error conditions (e.g. an internal error) are signaled on PIN 1 (ERROR-OUT).

Datum	Name	Index	Änderung	derung						
11.10.2021	BZ	81	Patents added on	ents added on sheet 1. CN-21-290						
23.09.20 MB 81 Final test: change of value from TC1 and TC2; remove LV2 and LV4; rename LV3 to LV2. Minor change							or change			
Editor.: R&D-PD-NPI D		Designer: MB		MC-PM: BZ			Released by: SB			

<sup>(4)</sup> see VAC M-sheet 3101; storage temperature inside cardboard packaging

<sup>(5)</sup> Constructed, manufactured and tested in accordance with IEC60664-1:2007 Isolated wires are preferred. If isolated primary conductors are used, the isolation coordination is according to: Reinforced insulation, Insulation material group 1, Pollution degree 2, altitude ≤ 4000m and overvoltage category II.

<sup>(6)</sup> The results are valid under following conditions: 55°C mean component ambient temperature by continuous operation (8760h per year); Environment condition: ground mobile, no dust or harmful substances, according to IEC61709; Fit equals one failure per 10^9 component hours.



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49,05±0,4

Beschriftung (marking)

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4x ⊕ 0,3

8x ⊕ 0,4

21,13

Ø13,5±0,3

18,6



Connections:

PIN no. 1-8: 0.46mm x 0.46mm PIN no. 9-12: 0.7mm x 0.7mm

Prüfmaß (test dimension)

DC = Date Code F = Factory

(3,5±0,5)

8,95±0,3

(13,65±0,3)

Ø34±0.3

Marking:

43,49

27,9

benvac 4641-X905

Content of Data-Matrix-

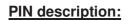
DC

Content of Data-Matrix-Code is: benvac, 4641-X905, F, DC

Datecode Format: [YWW]

Example: M02: 2020, Week 2

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Designer: MB

PIN no.	Description
PIN 1 → ERROR-OUT (open collector output)	If no system fault is detected, the output PIN 1 is a low level (GND). If a system fault is detected, PIN 1 is high impedance. In this case, PINs 3 and 4 will be set to a high impedance state (see tab. 1).
	A function test including an offset measurement (this value is stored in EEPROM for further calculation) is activated if this PIN is connected to GND for a period of 30ms to 1.2s. If the PIN is set to GND less than 30ms or more than 1.2s, no function test will be performed.
PIN 2 → TEST-IN (refer to Fig. 2)	Attention: During the functional test and offset measurement, no differential current may flow.
	To ensure high accuracy of the sensor this test should be activated at regular intervals (e.g. at startup, before measuring).
	If a push-pull switch is used, the voltage range must be 0V5V.
PIN 3 → X6-OUT (open collector output)	If the residual current is below 6mA dc and no system fault occurs the output on PIN 3 is a low level (GND). In any other case output PIN 3 is in a high impedance state. If PIN 4 is high impedance, PIN 3 will also be set to high impedance (see tab. 1).
PIN 4 → X30-OUT (open collector output)	If the residual current is below the 30mA rms and no system fault occurs the output on PIN 4 is a low level (GND). In any other case PINs 3 and 4 is in a high impedance state (see tab. 1).
PIN 5 → GND	Ground connection
PIN 6 → VCC	Positive supply voltage
PIN 7 → PWM-OUT	Acc. to the DC component of residual current a duty-cycle with f=8kHz is generated. This is for monitoring purposes only and is not safety function!
	Refer to S <sub>PWM-OUT</sub> = 3.33%/mA
PIN 8 → N.C.	Not connected

MC-PM: BZ



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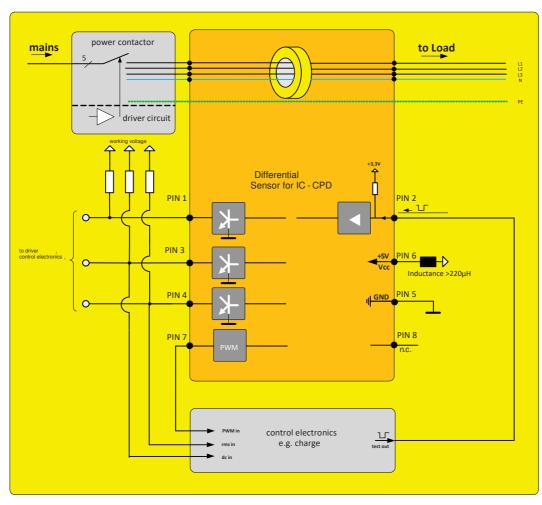
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### **Typical application diagram:**



### Absolute maximum Ratings(6):

		Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
V <sub>CE</sub>	Collector-Emitter voltage (PINs 1, 3 and 4)			40	V
Ic	Collector current (PINs 1, 3 and 4)			50	mA
Vcc	Maximum supply voltage (without function)	-0.3		7	V
Uмах	Maximum rated voltage of primary conductors (AC rms)			250	V
VTEST-IN, low	TEST-IN Input Voltage, low level	0		0.6	V
VTEST-IN, high	TEST-IN Input Voltage, high level	2.5		5	V

(5) Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to these conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not supported.

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<u>Final Tests:</u> (Measurements after temperature balance of the samples at room temperature, SC=significant characteristic)

Min. Max. Unit

VccSupply voltage $4.9$ $5.1$ VlccSupply current $38.0$ $45.0$ mATEST-IN (SC)TEST-IN voltage $2.8$ $3.4$ VX6-OUT (normal)X6-OUT voltage $0$ $0.6$ VX30-OUT (normal)X30-OUT voltage $0$ $0.6$ VERROR-OUT (normal)ERROR-OUT voltage $0$ $0.6$ VX6-OUT (activated)X6-OUT voltage activated @5V, $1k\Omega$ (pull-up)* $4.9$ $5.1$ VX30-OUT (activated)X30-OUT voltage activated @5V, $1k\Omega$ (pull-up)* $4.9$ $5.1$ VERROR-OUT (activated)ERROR-OUT voltage activated @5V, $1k\Omega$ (pull-up)* $4.9$ $5.1$ VTC1Trip current $1-X6$ $4.5$ $5.4$ mATC2Trip current $2-X6$ $-5.4$ $-4.5$ mA
TEST-IN (SC) TEST-IN voltage 2.8 3.4 V X6-OUT (normal) X6-OUT voltage 0 0.6 V X30-OUT (normal) X30-OUT voltage 0 0.6 V ERROR-OUT (normal) ERROR-OUT voltage 0 0.6 V X6-OUT (activated) X6-OUT voltage activated $(0.5)$ V, $(0.5)$ V X30-OUT (activated) X6-OUT voltage activated $(0.5)$ V, $(0.5)$ V X30-OUT (activated) X30-OUT voltage activated $(0.5)$ V, $(0.5)$ V, $(0.5)$ V X30-OUT (activated) ERROR-OUT voltage activated $(0.5)$ V, $(0.5)$ V, $(0.5)$ V
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
ERROR-OUT (normal) ERROR-OUT voltage $0$ 0.6 V X6-OUT (activated) X6-OUT voltage activated @5V, $1k\Omega$ (pull-up)* 4.9 5.1 V X30-OUT (activated) X30-OUT voltage activated @5V, $1k\Omega$ (pull-up)* 4.9 5.1 V ERROR-OUT (activated) ERROR-OUT voltage activated @5V, $1k\Omega$ (pull-up)* 4.9 5.1 V (activated) Trip current $1-X6$ 4.5 5.4 mA TC2 Trip current $2-X6$ -5.4 -4.5 mA
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
X30-OUT (activated)X30-OUT voltage activated @5V, $1k\Omega$ (pull-up)*4.95.1VERROR-OUT (activated)ERROR-OUT voltage activated @5V, $1k\Omega$ (pull-up)*4.95.1VTC1Trip current 1 – X64.55.4mATC2Trip current 2 – X6-5.4-4.5mA
ERROR-OUT (activated)  TC1  Trip current 1 – X6  TC2  ERROR-OUT voltage activated @5V, $1k\Omega$ (pull-up)*  4.9  4.9  4.5  5.1  V  4.5  5.4  MA
(activated)         ERROR-OUT voltage activated @5V, 1κΩ (pull-up)*           TC1         Trip current 1 – X6         4.5         5.4         mA           TC2         Trip current 2 – X6         -5.4         -4.5         mA
TC2 Trip current 2 – X6 -5.4 -4.5 mA
TOE THE CONTOUR END OF THE CONTO
TC3 Trip current 3 – X30@50Hz 20 30 mA
TC4 Trip current 4 – X30@1000Hz 105 149 mA
PWM-OUT (frequency) PWM-OUT frequency 7.8 8.2 kHz
PWM-OUT (duty-cycle) PWM-OUT duty-cycle @6mA DC 18 22 %
LV1 Limit values of break time - X6-OUT@6mA DC 0 700 ms
LV2 Limit values of break time - X30-OUT@30mA, 50Hz 0 300 ms

<sup>\*</sup> the maximum values of collector-emitter voltage and current see "Absolute maximum ratings"

### **Product Tests:**

	Acc. to VAC sheet M3238 Following tests differ from M3238:	passed	
	4.5a: Damp heat, steady state. Duration: 1000 h		
PD	IEC61000-4-1, EN60270, M3024 UPDE M3024, Partial discharge voltage (extinction) *acc. to table 24	1.5	kV rms
ESD	Air- and contact discharge; U=±2000V, R=1500Ω, C=100pF Acc. to Human Body Model JESD22-A114	±2.0	kV
	IEC61000-4-3 (Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity) 20V/m 80MHz – 1GHz 80%AM 1kHz, recommend with the use of inductance of >220µH in series of Vcc input.	passed	
EMC	IEC61000-4-6 (Immunity to conducted disturbances), recommend with the use of inductance of >220µH in series of Vcc input.	passed	
	IEC61000-6-4 (Emission standard for industrial environments, conducted disturbances)	Should be done in end application	
A(f), Φ(f)	Amplitude and phase response over frequency $1\%$ of $I_{PN}$ or $I_{\Delta n}$	passed	
Impulse test	Monitoring of CS function during the current phase test 100A to 5kA	passed	

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Requalification Tests: (replicated every year, Prec	ondition acc. to M3238)
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Û <sub>W</sub> , prim-sec	M3064	Impulse test (1.2µs/50µs waveform) PIN 1-8 vs. insulated primary wire 5 pulse → polarity +, 5 pulse → polarity -	5.5	kV rms
U <sub>d</sub>	M3014	Test voltage, 60s PIN 1-8 vs. insulated primary wire	1.5	kV rms
UPDE	M3024	Partial discharge voltage (extinction) PIN 1-8 vs. insulated primary wire *acc. to table 24	1.2	kV rms
U <sub>PD</sub> x 1.875	M3024	Partial discharge voltage (extinction) PIN 1-8 vs. insulated primary wire *acc. to table 24	1.5	kV rms

<sup>\*</sup> IEC 61800-5-1:2007

#### **Other instructions:**

- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 105°C.
- Vcc during Test-IN function test must be at least 4.8V
- Fall- and rise-time of Vcc 2...50μs/V

### Figures:

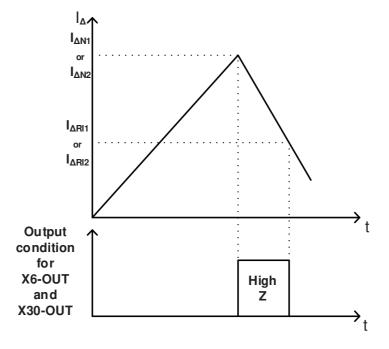


Fig. 1: Meaning of switching recovery level

If the trip-level  $I_{\Delta N1}/I_{\Delta N2}$  is accomplished the output X6-OUT/X30-OUT will change it state from low-level (GND) to high impedance. Depending on the existence of the differential curent  $I_{\Delta}$ , the outputs X6-OUT/X30-OUT will remain in this state until  $I_{\Delta}$  fell below recovery threshold  $I_{\Delta R11}/I_{\Delta R12}$ .

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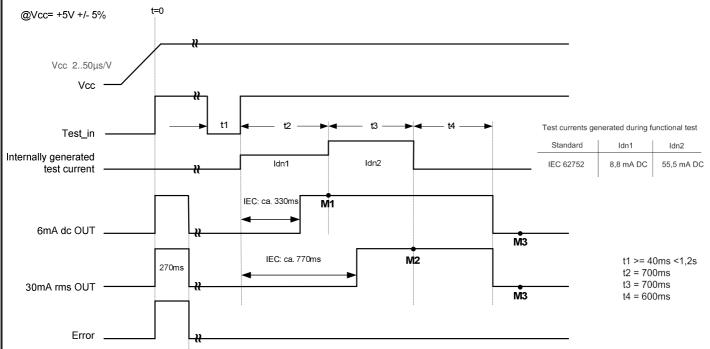
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After activating the test sequence, the end product has to monitor the correct state of the switching outputs being used at the following points in time

M1: check that 6mA dc OUT is disabled (latest time)

M2: check that 30mA rms OUT is disabled

M3: check that 30mA rms OUT resp. 6mA dc out is enabled

Fig. 2: Power-Up timing diagram

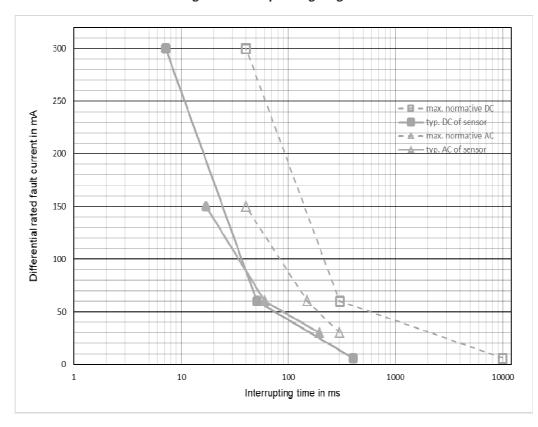


Fig. 3: Interrupting Time according to IEC62752 (E)-1:2016 Table 2 + 3 and typical values of sensor

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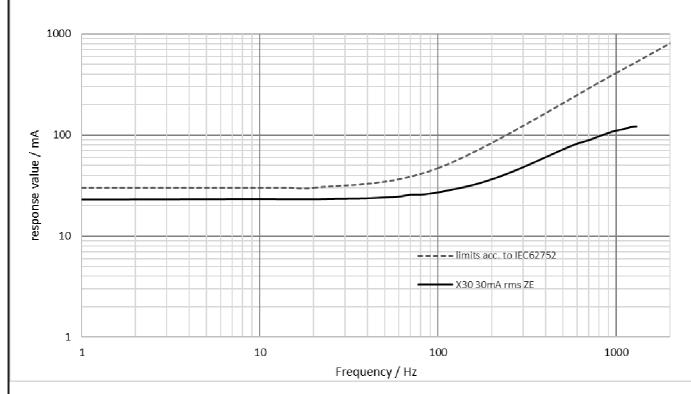


Fig. 4: Response value over frequency

X6-OUT	X30-OUT	ERROR-OUT	State	
GND	GND	GND	Normal condition	
High impedance	GND	GND	I <sub>ΔN1</sub> ≥ 6mA <sub>DC</sub>	
High impedance	High impedance	GND	$I_{\Delta N2} \ge 30 mA_{rms}$	
High impedance	High impedance	High impedance	Error, system fault	

All other conditions not mentioned in the table are not possible. If these conditions occur, the sensor is an unknown state and describes an Error.

Table 1: Possible output states

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