SPECIFICATION T60404-N4646-X761 Item no.: Date: 31.01.2022 K-no.: 26019 25 A Current Sensor for 5V- Supply Voltage For electronic current measurement: DC, AC, pulsed, mixed ..., with a galvanic isolation between primary circuit (high power) and secondary circuit (electronic circuit) Customers Part no .: Page 1 Customer: Standard type Characteristics Description **Applications** Excellent accuracy Mainly used for stationary operation in industrial Closed loop (compensation) Current Sensor with magnetic applications: Very low offset current field probe Very low temperature dependency and offset AC variable speed drives and servo motor Printed circuit board mounting drives current drift Casing and materials UL-listed Static converters for DC motor drives Very low hysteresis of offset current Short response time Battery supplied applications Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS) Wide frequency bandwidth Power Supplies for welding applications Compact design Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS) Reduced offset ripple **Electrical data - Ratings**

of

4

I _{PN}	Primary nominal r.m.s. current	25	Α
V_{out}	Output voltage @ IP	$V_{Ref} \pm (0.625*I_P/I_{PN})$	V
Vout	Output voltage @ I _P =0, T _A =25°C	V _{Ref} ± 0.00135	V
V_{Ref}	External Reference voltage range	04	V
	Internal Reference voltage	2.5 ±0.005	V
K _N	Turns ratio	14 : 2000	

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

		mın.	typ.	max.	Unit
I _{P,max}	Max. measuring range	±85			
Χ	Accuracy @ I _{PN} , T _A = 25°C			0.7	%
ϵ_{L}	Linearity			0.1	%
V_{out} - V_{Ref}	Offset voltage @ I _P =0, T _A = 25°C			±1.35	mV
ΔV_o / V_{Ref} / ΔT	Temperature drift of Vout @ IP=0, VRef =2,5V, TA= -40)85°C	1.4	10	ppm/°C
t_{r}	Response time @ 90% von I _{PN}		300		ns
Δt (I _{P,max})	Delay time at di/dt = 100 A/μs		200		ns
f	Frequency bandwidth	DC200			kHz

General data

		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
T _A	Ambient operating temperature	-40		+85	°C
Ts	Ambient storage temperature (acc to M3101)	-40		+105	°C
m	Mass		12		g
Vc	Supply voltage	4.75	5	5.25	V
Ic	Current consumption		15		mA

Constructed and manufactored and tested in accordance with EN 61800-5-1 (Pin 1 - 4 to Pin 5 - 12) Reinforced insulation, Insulation material group 1, Pollution degree 2

Sclear	Clearance (component without solder pad)	9.6		mm
Screep	Creepage (component without solder pad)	10.6		mm
V_{sys}	System voltage overvoltage category 3	RMS	600	V
V _{work}	Working voltage	RMS	1060	V
U _{PD}	Rated discharge voltage	peak value	1320	V

Note: According UL 508: Max. potential difference = 600 VA

Date	Name	Issue	Amendment							
31.01.2022	NSch.	83	Applicable do	plicable documents changed on sheet 3. "The color of the plastic material added. Minor change						
17.08.17	DJ	83	Page 3, Type	ige 3, Type test M3064 accurately defined. Minor change.						
Hrsg.: R&D-PD-NPI Bearb: Le			Bearb: Le		MC-PM: Ga.			freig.: SB released		



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[13,7

25 A Current Sensor for 5V- Supply Voltage

[12,7]

For electronic current measurement: DC, AC, pulsed, mixed ..., with a galvanic isolation between primary circuit (high power) and secondary circuit (electronic circuit)

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Customer: Standard type Mechanical outline (mm):

3x1,905

General tolerances DIN ISO 2768-c

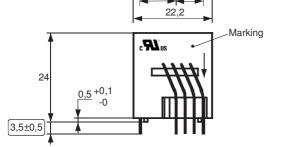
Customers Part no.:

Connections: 1...4: 0,46*0,46 mm

5..12: Ø 1 mm

Marking:

ZAN **UL-sign** 4646-X761-83 DC



10,16

7,62

test dimension

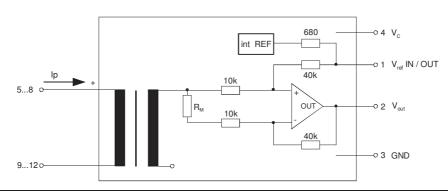
Tolerances grid distance ±0,25mm

DC= Date Code F = Factory

Explanation:

DC = Date Code [YWW]

Schematic diagram



Possibilities of wiring (@ $T_A = 85^{\circ}C$)

primary windings	primary RMS	/ current maximal	output voltage RMS	turns ratio	primary resistance	wiring
N _P	I _P [A]	$\hat{\mathbf{I}}_{P,max}\left[\mathbf{A}\right]$	$V_{out}(I_P)[V]$	K_N	R_P [m Ω]	
1	25	±85	2.5±0.625	1:2000	0.25	9 12
2	12	±42	2.5±0.600	2:2000	1.0	9 12
4	6	±21	2.5±0.600	4:2000	4	9 12

Hrsg.: R&D-PD-NPI	Bearb:	Le	MC-PM: Ga.		freig.: SB
editor	designer		check		released

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Electrical Data

		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V _{Ctot}	Maximum supply voltage (without function)			7	V
lc	Supply Current with primary current	15m/	$A + I_p * K_N + V_c$	out/RL	mA
I _{out,SC}	Short circuit output current		±20		mA
R_P	Resistance / primary winding @ T _A =25°C		1		$m\Omega$
Rs	Secondary coil resistance @ T _A =85°C			67	Ω
$R_{i,Ref}$	Internal resistance of Reference input		670		Ω
Ri,(Vout)	Output resistance of Vout			1	Ω
R_L	External recommended resistance of Vout	1			kΩ
CL	External recommended capacitance of Vout			500	pF
$\Delta X_{Ti}/\Delta T$	Temperature drift of X@T _A = -40 +85 °C			40	ppm/K
$\Delta V_0 = \Delta (V_{out} - V_{Ref})$	Sum of any offset drift including:		2	6	mV
V_{0t}	Longtermdrift of V ₀		1		mV
V_{0T}	Temperature drift von $V_0 \oslash T_A = -40 \dots +85$ °C		1		mV
V ₀ H	Hysteresis of V_{out} @ $I_{P=0}$ (after an overload of 10 x I_{PN}))		2	mV
V ₀ H	Hysteresis of Vout @ I _P =0 (after an overload of 66 A)			0.5	mV
$\Delta V_0/\Delta V_C$	Supply voltage rejection ratio			1	mV/V
V _{OSS}	Offsetripple (with 1 MHz- filter first order)			30	mV
Voss	Offsetripple (with 100 kHz- filter first order)		3	6	mV
V _{oss}	Offsetripple (with 20 kHz- filter first order)		0.8	1.5	mV
C_k	Maximum possible coupling capacity (primary – sec Mechanical stress according to M3209/3 Settings: 10 – 2000 Hz, 1 min/Octave, 2 hours	condary)	5	10 30g	pF

<u>Inspection</u> (Measurement after temperature balance of the samples at room temperature; SC = significant characteristic)

Vout (IP=IPN)	(V) M3	8011/6:	Output voltage vs. external reference (I _P =25A, 40-80Hz)	625±0,7%	mV (SC)
Vout-VRef (IP=0) (V) M3	3226:	Offset voltage	± 1.35	mV
V _d	(V) M3		Test voltage, rms, 1 s pin 1 – 4 vs. pin 5 – 12	1.8	kV
Ve	(AQL 1/S	S4)	Partial discharge voltage acc.M3024 (RMS)	1400	V
			with V _{vor} (RMS)	1750	V

Type Testing (Pin 1 - 4 to Pin 5 - 12)

V _W	HV transient test according to M3064 (1.2 μs / 50 μs-ν 5 pulse → polarity +, 5 pulse → polarit -	8	kV	
V_d	Testing voltage to M3014	(5 s)	3.6	kV
Ve	Partial discharge voltage acc.M3024 (RMS)		1400	V
	with V _{vor} (RMS)		1750	V

Applicable documents

Current direction: A positive output current appears at point I_S, by primary current in direction of the arrow.

Housing and bobbin material UL-listed: Flammability class 94V-0.

Enclosures according to IEC529: IP50.

Operating temperature of the current sensor and the primary conductor must not exceed 105°C

Further standards UL 508 ; file E317483, category NMTR2 / NMTR8

"The color of the plastic material is not specified and the current sensor can be supplied in different colors

(e.g. brown, black, white, natural). This has no effect on the specifications or UL approval."

Hrsg.: R&D-PD-NPI	Bearb: Le	MC-PM: Ga.		freig.: SB
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(electronic circuit)

Customer: Standard type Customers Part no.:

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Explanation of several of the terms used in the tablets (in alphabetical order)

tr: Response time (describe the dynamic performance for the specified measurement range), measured as delay time at I_P = 0,9 · I_{PN} between a rectangular current and the output voltage V_{OUt} (I_D)

 Δt (I_{Pmax}): Delay time (describe the dynamic performance for the rapid current pulse rate e.g short circuit current) measured between I_{Pmax} and the output voltage V_{out}(I_{Pmax}) with a primary current rise of dip/dt \geq 100 A/ μ s.

 V_0 : Offset voltage between V_{out} and the rated reference voltage of $V_{\text{ref}}=2.5V.$ $V_o=V_{out}(0)\,$ - 2.5V

 U_{PD} Rated discharge voltage (recurring peak voltage separated by the insulation) proved with a sinusoidal voltage V_e U_{PD} = $\sqrt{2} * V_e / 1.5$

V_{vor} Defined voltage is the RMS valve of a sinusoidal voltage with peak value of 1,875 * U_{PD} required for partial discharge test in IEC 61800-5-1

 $V_{vor} = 1.875 * U_{PD} / \sqrt{2}$

V_{sys} System voltage RMS value of rated voltage according to IEC 61800-5-1

Vwork Working voltage voltage according to IEC 61800-5-1 which occurs by design in a circuit or across insulation

V₀H: Zero variation of V₀ after overloading with a DC of tenfold the rated value

V_{0t}: Long term drift of V₀ after 100 temperature cycles in the range -40 bis 85 °C.

X: Permissible measurement error in the final inspection at RT, defined by

 $X = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{V_{out}(I_{PN}) - V_{out}(0)}{0,625V} - 1 \right| \%$

X_{ges}(I_{PN}): Permissible measurement error including any drifts over the temperature range by the current measurement I_{PN}

 $X_{ges} = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{V_{out} (I_{PN}) - 2.5V}{0.625V} - 1 \right| \% \text{ or } X_{ges} = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{V_{out} (I_{PN}) - V_{ref}}{0.625V} - 1 \right| \%$

 $\varepsilon_{\rm L} : \qquad \qquad \text{Linearity fault defined by} \qquad \varepsilon_{\rm L} = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{I_{\rm P}}{I_{\rm PN}} - \frac{V_{\it out}(I_{\it P}) - V_{\it out}(0)}{V_{\it out}(I_{\it PN}) - V_{\it out}(0)} \right| \, \%$